UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 40-F

☐ REGISTRATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

OR

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13(a) OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED December 31, 2024 Commission file number: 001-35404



EMX ROYALTY CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

British Columbia, Canada

1000

98-102691

(Province or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Suite 501 - 543 Granville Street

Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6C 1X8

(604) 688-6390

(Address and Telephone Number of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

CT Corporation System

28 Liberty Street

New York, New York 10005

(215) 590-9070

(Name, address (including zip code) and telephone number (including area code) of agent for service in the United States)
Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class:

Trading Symbol(s)

Name of Each Exchange On Which Registered:

Common Shares, no par value

EMX

NYSE American

Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: N/A

Securities for which there is a reporting obligation pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Act: N/A

For annual reports, indicate by check mark the information filed with this form:

pursuant to §240.10D-1(b). □

Indicate the number of outstanding shares of each of the issuer's classes of capital or common stock as of the close of the period covered by the annual report: As at December 31, 2024, 110,280,332 common shares of the Registrant were issued and outstanding. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). \blacksquare Yes \square No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. \square Emerging growth company. If an emerging growth company that prepares its financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. 🗷 Auditor Firm Id: 731 Auditor Name: Davidson & Company LLP Auditor Location: Vancouver, BC, Canada If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements

of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements. \Box

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period

EXPLANATORY NOTE

EMX Royalty Corporation (the "Company" or the "Registrant") is a Canadian issuer that is permitted, under the multi jurisdictional disclosure system (the "MJDS") adopted in the United States, to prepare this annual report on Form 40-F (this "Annual Report") pursuant to Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), in accordance with Canadian disclosure requirements, which are different from those of the United States. The Company is a "foreign private issuer" as defined in Rule 3b-4 under the Exchange Act and Rule 405 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Equity securities of the Company are accordingly exempt from Sections 14(a), 14(b), 14(c), 14(f) and 16 of the Exchange Act pursuant to Rule 3a12-3 thereunder.

The Company is permitted, under a multi-jurisdictional disclosure system adopted by the United States, to prepare the documents incorporated by reference in this Annual Report in accordance with Canadian disclosure requirements, which are different from those of the United States.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report, including the Exhibits attached hereto incorporated by reference herein, may contain "forward-looking statements" that reflect the Company's current expectations and projections about its future results. These forward-looking statements may include statements regarding perceived merit of properties, exploration results and budgets, mineral reserves and mineral resource estimates, work programs and proposed exploration, development and production activities, capital expenditures, operating costs, cash flow estimates, production estimates and similar statements relating to the economic viability of a project, timelines, strategic plans, completion of transactions, market prices for metals, future payments that the Company is to make or receive pursuant to agreements to which it is subject, statements as to the continued growth of the Company's royalty portfolio in future periods, statements as to the operations and plans of operators of properties in which the Company has interests, statements as to the expected timing and amounts of royalty and other payments from property operators or holders in which the Company has interests, statements as to future payment of dividends, or other statements that are not statements of fact. These statements relate to analyses and other information that are based on forecasts of future results, estimates of amounts not yet determinable and assumptions of management. Statements concerning mineral resource or mineral reserve estimates may also be deemed to constitute "forward-looking statements" to the extent that they involve estimates of the mineralization that will be encountered if the property is developed.

Any statements that express or involve discussions with respect to predictions, expectations, beliefs, plans, projections, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance (often, but not always, identified by words or phrases such as "expects", "anticipates", "believes", "plans", "projects", "estimates", "assumes", "intends", "strategy," "goals", "objectives", "potential", "possible" or variations thereof or stating that certain actions, events, conditions or results "may", "could", "would", "should", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved, or the negative of any of these terms and similar expressions) are not statements of historical fact and may be forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements are based on a number of material assumptions, including those listed below, which could prove to be significantly incorrect:

- estimated production at any of the mineral properties in which the Company has a royalty, or other interest remains accurate;
- estimated capital costs, operating costs, production and economic returns remain accurate;
- estimated metal pricing, metallurgy, mineability, marketability and operating and capital costs, together with other assumptions underlying the Company's mineral resource and mineral reserve estimates, remains accurate;
- the expected ability of any of the properties in which the Company holds a royalty, or other interest to develop adequate infrastructure at a reasonable cost remains accurate;
- the Company and its counterparties will satisfy their obligations in accordance with the agreements that they are party to;
- the Company will continue to be able to fund or obtain funding for outstanding commitments;
- the Company will be able to source accretive royalties and royalty generation properties;
- that neither the Company nor any owner or operator of any of the properties in which the Company holds a royalty, or other interest will suffer significant impacts as a result of an epidemic or other natural disaster;
- that trading of the Common Shares will not be adversely affected by the differences in liquidity, settlement and clearing systems as a result of being listed on both the TSX-V and the NYSE American and will not be suspended;

- that the Company properly considered the application of applicable tax laws to its structure and operations and filed its tax returns and paid taxes in compliance with applicable tax laws;
- assumptions that all necessary permits and governmental approvals will be obtained;
- assumptions made in the interpretation of drill results, the geology, grade and continuity of the mineral deposits of any of the properties in which the Company holds a royalty or other interest remain accurate;
- expectations regarding demand for equipment, skilled labor and services needed for exploration and development of mineral properties in which the Company holds a royalty or other interest remain accurate; and
- the activities on any on the properties in which the Company holds a royalty, or other interest will not be adversely disrupted or impeded by development, operating or regulatory risks or any other government actions and will continue to operate in accordance with public statements.

Forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual events or results to differ from those reflected in the forward-looking statements, including, without limitation:

- risks associated with exploration, development, operating, expansion and improvement at the properties in which the Company holds a royalty interest;
- the risk that the Company may be unable to satisfy conditions under its property option agreements and earn an interest in the properties subject to such agreements;
- the absence of control over mining operations on the properties in which the Company holds a royalty interest and is dependent on third party operators to explore, develop and mine such properties;
- risks associated with having to rely on the public disclosure and other information the Company receives from the owners and operators of the properties on which the Company holds a royalty interest as the basis for the Company's analyses, forecasts and assessments relating to the Company's business;
- risks relating to unknown defects and impairments in the Company's royalty or other interests;
- risks related to the satisfaction of each party's obligations in accordance with the terms of the Company's royalty agreements, including the ability of the companies with which the Company has royalty agreements to perform their obligations under those agreements;
- the Company's royalty and other interests may be subject to rights of other interest holders, including buy-down rights, pre-emptive rights, claw-back rights and the rights to dispose of property interests;
- risks related to the ability of any of the properties in which the Company holds a royalty, or other interest to commence production and generate material revenues and uncertainty that the Company will receive additional revenues from staged option payments, advanced annual royalty payments, management or operators fees and other sources;
- risks associated with EMX's exploration partners being unable to obtain adequate financing to fund exploration and development activities;
- risks associated with fluctuations in the price of commodities;
- risks related to governmental regulation and permits, including environmental regulation;
- the risk that permits and governmental approvals necessary to develop and operate mines on the properties in which the Company holds a royalty, or other interest will not be available on a timely basis or at all;
- risks related to political uncertainty or instability in countries where the Company's mineral properties are located;
- risks of significant impacts on EMX or the properties on which EMX holds a royalty or other interests as a result of an epidemic or natural disaster;
- risks that the Company may not be able to obtain adequate financing when needed;
- volatility in the Company's share price;
- uncertainties relating to the assumptions underlying the Company's mineral resource and mineral reserve estimates, such as metal pricing, metallurgy, mineability, marketability and operating and capital costs;
- risks associated with competition in the mineral royalty industry;
- risks related to the declaration, timing and payment of dividends;
- uncertainty related to title to the mineral properties of any of the properties in which the Company holds a royalty, or other interest;
- risks associated with global trade uncertainties, including the imposition of tariffs and other trade-related measures by various governments;

- risks associated with fluctuations in prices of foreign currencies, including currency hedging arrangements or the lack thereof;
- unavailability of insurance for certain risks to which the Company may be subject;
- environmental risks and hazards;
- risks related to global climate change and the impacts of legislation in responses thereto;
- the Company's dependence on, and need to attract and retain, qualified management and technical personnel;
- risks related to conflicts of interest of some of the directors of the Company;
- uncertainty as to the Company's PFIC status;
- risks related to regulatory and legal compliance and increased costs relating thereto;
- risks related to the adequacy of internal control over financial reporting;
- risks related to ensuring the security and safety of information systems, including cyber security risks;
- risks related to activist shareholders;
- risks related to reputational damage;
- uncertainty as to the outcome of potential litigation;
- mine operator and counterparty concentration risks;
- the Company's dependence on receiving royalty and other payments from the owners or operators of its relevant royalty properties;
- indebtedness risks;
- risks related to royalties or other interest that permit cost deductions;
- risks associated with significant transactions;
- risks related to market events and general economic conditions;
- the Company's interpretation of, or compliance with, or application of, tax laws and regulations or accounting policies
 and rules, being found to be incorrect or the tax impact to the Company's business operations being materially
 different than currently contemplated;
- the inability to replace and expand mineral reserves, including anticipated timing of the commencement of production by certain mining operations from which the company holds a royalty or other interest;
- risks associated with violations of anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws;
- equity price risks related to the Company's holding of long-term investments in other companies;
- risks associated with multiple listings of Common Shares on the TSX-V and the NYSE American and the possible suspension of trading of Common Shares;
- risks related to enforcing civil judgments obtained in Canada in other jurisdictions;
- risks related to environmental, social and governance related issues;
- lack of suitable supplies, infrastructure and employees to support the mining operations at the properties on which the Company holds a royalty or other interest;
- uncertainties related to indigenous rights with respect to the mineral properties; and
- risks associated with potential changes to mining legislation in Chile.

This list is not exhaustive of the factors that may affect any of the Company's forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements about the future and are inherently uncertain, and actual achievements of the Company or other future events or conditions may differ materially from those reflected in the forward-looking statements due to a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors, including, without limitation, those referred to under the heading "Risks and Uncertainties" in the AIF (as defined below), which is incorporated by reference herein.

The Company's forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs, expectations and opinions of management on the date the statements are made, and the Company does not assume any obligation to update forward-looking statements if circumstances or management's beliefs, expectations or opinions should change, except as required by law. For the reasons set forth above, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

NOTE TO UNITED STATES READERS

DIFFERENCES IN UNITED STATES AND CANADIAN REPORTING PRACTICES

The Company is permitted, under the MJDS adopted by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), to prepare this Annual Report in accordance with Canadian disclosure requirements, which differ from those of the United States. The Company has prepared its financial statements, which are filed as Exhibit 99.3 to this Annual Report, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IFRS"), and they are also subject to auditing standards issued by SEC / Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ("PCAOB") independence standards. The Company's financial statements may not be comparable to financial statements of United States companies. Since the Company has prepared its financial statements in accordance with IFRS, it is not required to provide a reconciliation to United States generally accepted accounting principles.

FUNCTIONAL AND REPORTING CURRENCY

The functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The functional currency for the Company and its subsidiaries is the United States dollar. The functional currency determinations were conducted through an analysis of the consideration factors identified in IAS 21, The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates.

RESOURCE AND RESERVE ESTIMATES

This Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Canadian securities laws in effect in Canada, which differ from the requirements of U.S. securities laws. Unless otherwise indicated, all mineral reserve and mineral resource estimates included in this Annual Report have been disclosed by the Company in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101") and the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy, and Petroleum ("CIM") Classification System based on information prepared by the current or previous owners or operators of the relevant properties (as and to the extent indicated by them). The definitions of these terms, and other mining terms and disclosures, differ from the definitions of such terms, if any, for purposes of the SEC's disclosure rules the SEC for domestic United States Issuers, including the requirements under subpart 1300 of Regulation S-K under the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "SEC Mining Rules").

Historical Estimates. An historical estimate is defined by NI 43-101 as "an estimate of the quantity, grade, or metal or mineral content of a deposit that an issuer has not verified as a current mineral resource or mineral reserve, and which was prepared before the issuer acquiring, or entering into an agreement to acquire, an interest in the property that contains the deposit". NI 43-101 permits disclosure of an historical estimate that does not comply with NI 43-101 using the historical terminology if, among other things, the disclosure: (a) identifies the source and date of the historical estimate; (b) comments on the relevance and reliability of the historical estimate; (c) states whether the historical estimate uses categories other than those prescribed by NI 43-101; and (d) includes any more recent estimates or data available.

Historical results or feasibility models presented herein are not guarantees or expectations of future performance. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. Due to the uncertainty of measured, indicated or inferred mineral resources, these mineral resources may never be upgraded to proven and probable mineral reserves. Investors are cautioned not to assume that any part of mineral deposits in these categories will ever be converted into reserves or recovered. In addition, Investors are cautioned not to assume that any part or all of the Company's measured, indicated or inferred mineral resources constitute or will be converted into mineral reserves or are or will be economically or legally mineable without additional work.

Mineral Resource and Reserve Disclosures According to an Acceptable Foreign Code. Under NI 43-101, "Acceptable Foreign Code" means the JORC Code, the PERC Code, the SAMREC Code, the SEC Mining Rules, the Certification Code, or any other code, generally accepted in a foreign jurisdiction, that defines mineral resources and mineral reserves in a manner that is consistent with mineral resource and mineral reserve definitions and categories set out in sections 1.2 and 1.3 of NI 43-101.

NI 43-101 permits an issuer to make disclosure and file a technical report that uses mineral resource and mineral reserve categories of an Acceptable Foreign Code in certain circumstances, if the issuer includes in the technical report a reconciliation of any material differences between the mineral resource and mineral reserve categories used and the categories set out in sections 1.2 and 1.3 of NI 43-101.

As such, in addition to NI 43-101, certain estimates referenced in this Annual Report have been prepared in accordance with the JORC Code or the PERC Code (as such terms are defined in NI 43-101), which differ from the requirements of NI 43-101 and U.S. securities laws. Accordingly, mineral reserve and mineral resource information contained in the Company's descriptions of its material properties in this Annual Report and the documents incorporated by reference herein may not be comparable to similar information disclosed by companies subject to the SEC's reporting and disclosure requirements for domestic United States issuers. For more information, see "Reconciliation to CIM Definitions" below.

<u>Reconciliation to CIM Definitions.</u> In this Annual Report, EMX has disclosed current mineral reserve and mineral resource estimates as well as certain historical estimates covering royalty properties that are not based on CIM definitions, but are based on Acceptable Foreign Code or in reliance on the "historical estimates" provisions of NI 43-101. In each case, the estimates reported in this Annual Report are based on estimates disclosed by the relevant property owner or operator, without reference to the underlying data used to calculate the estimates. Accordingly, EMX is not able to definitively reconcile these estimates with that of CIM definitions.

However, with respect to the Acceptable Foreign Codes used in this Annual Report, EMX believes that while the CIM definitions are not identical to those of the JORC Code or the PERC Code, the mineral resource and mineral reserve definitions and categories are substantively the same as the CIM definitions mandated in NI 43-101 and will typically result in reporting of substantially similar mineral reserve and mineral resource estimates.

With respect to the "historical estimates", the prescribed disclosure is included in this Annual Report in the relevant property descriptions or in Appendix "B", as applicable.

U.S. investors are cautioned that mineral reserve and mineral resource information and other technical information contained in this Annual Report and the documents incorporated by reference herein may not be comparable to similar information disclosed by companies subject to the SEC's reporting and disclosure requirements for domestic United States issuers.

CAUTIONARY NOTES TO UNITED STATES INVESTORS

Regulation S-K 1300 Replacement of SEC Industry Guide 7. Mining disclosure under U.S. securities law was previously required to comply with SEC Industry Guide 7 ("SEC Industry Guide 7") under the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "US Exchange Act"). The SEC has adopted final rules, effective February 25, 2019, to replace SEC Industry Guide 7 with new mining disclosure rules under sub-part 1300 of Regulation S-K of the U.S. Securities Act ("Regulation S-K 1300"). As a foreign private issuer that is eligible to file reports with the SEC pursuant to the MJDS, the Company is not required to provide disclosure on its mineral properties under the Regulation S-K 1300 and provides disclosure under NI 43-101 and the CIM Definition Standards. Accordingly, mineral reserve and mineral resource information contained in this Annual Report and the documents incorporated by reference herein and therein, may not be comparable to similar information disclosed by U.S. reporting companies.

Under Regulation S-K 1300, the SEC recognizes estimates of "Measured Mineral Resources", "Indicated Mineral Resources" and "Inferred Mineral Resources". In addition, the SEC has amended its definitions of "Proven Mineral Reserves" and "Probable Mineral Reserves" to be substantially similar to international standards. Readers are cautioned that despite efforts to harmonize U.S. mining disclosure rules with NI 43-101 and other international requirements, there are differences between the terms and definitions used in Regulation S-K 1300 and mining terms defined in the CIM Standards, which definitions have been adopted by NI 43-101, and there is no assurance that any mineral reserves or mineral resources that an owner or operator may report as "proven mineral reserves", "probable mineral reserves", "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources" and "inferred mineral resources" under NI 43-101 would be the same had the owner or operator prepared the mineral reserve or mineral resource estimates under the standards of Regulation S-K 1300.

<u>Inferred Mineral Resources.</u> U.S. investors are cautioned that "inferred mineral resources" have a lower level of confidence than that applying to "indicated mineral resources" and cannot be directly converted to a "mineral reserve". Qualified persons have determined that it is reasonably expected that the majority of the reported "inferred mineral resources" could be upgraded to "indicated mineral resources" with continued exploration. Under Canadian rules, "inferred mineral resources" may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies except in rare cases. Investors are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of an "inferred mineral resource" exists or is economically or legally mineable.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following documents, or the portions thereof indicated below, that are filed as exhibits to this Annual Report, are each incorporated herein by reference.

Annual Information Form

The Company's Annual Information Form ("AIF") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 (the "AIF") is filed as Exhibit 99.1 to this Annual Report and is incorporated by reference herein.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Company Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") for the year ended December 31, 2024 is filed as Exhibit 99.2 to this Annual Report and incorporated by reference herein.

Audited Annual Financial Statements

The Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company as at and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, including the notes thereto, together with the report of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm thereon (the "Financial Statements") are filed as Exhibit 99.3 to this Annual Report.

TAX MATTERS

Purchasing, holding, or disposing of securities of the Company may have tax consequences under the laws of the United States and Canada that are not described in this Annual Report. Holders of the Company's common shares should consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of purchasing, holding or disposing of securities of the Company.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

At the end of the period covered by this Annual Report, the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act). Based on that evaluation, the CEO and the CFO have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in ensuring that: (i) information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits to the SEC under the Exchange Act was recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in applicable rules and forms and (ii) material information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports filed under the Exchange Act was accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the CEO and the CFO, as appropriate, to allow for accurate and timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in National Instrument 52-109 in Canada and in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the CEO and CFO to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The Company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

It should be noted that a control system, no matter how well conceived or operated, can only provide reasonable assurance, not absolute assurance, that the objectives of the control system are met. There are inherent limitations in all control systems, which include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls and projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Management, including the CEO and CFO, evaluated the design and assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on the criteria set forth in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. This evaluation included review of the documentation of controls, evaluation of the design effectiveness of controls, testing of the operating effectiveness of controls and a conclusion on this evaluation. Based on this assessment, management has concluded that EMX's internal control over financial reporting was effective as at December 31, 2024.

Attestation Report of Independent Registered Accounting Firm

The effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024 has been audited by Davidson & Company LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report, included in Exhibit 99.3 to this Annual Report on Form 40-F.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Other than the Change noted above, during the period covered by this Annual Report, no changes occurred in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is a reporting issuer under the securities legislation of British Columbia and Alberta and is listed on the TSX-V, as a Tier 1 Company, and the NYSE American LLC ("NYSE American"). EMX's common shares without par value ("Common Shares") are traded on the TSX-V and the NYSE American under the symbol "EMX", as well as on the Frankfurt exchange under the symbol "6E9".

The Company's board of directors (the "Board") consists of the following individuals: Dawson Brisco, David M. Cole, Sunny Lowe, Henrik Lundin, Geoff Smith, and Michael D. Winn. The Board has determined that Messrs. Brisco, Lundin, Smith and Ms. Lowe are "independent directors" under Section 803A of the NYSE American Company Guide (the "Company Guide").

The Directors of the Company are required to manage the Company's business and affairs and thereby protect the interests of the shareholders of the Company. The Board is also responsible for ensuring that the Company acts ethically, honestly and with integrity. The Company's standing committees are comprised of an Audit Committee, a Compensation Committee, an Environmental Social and Governance ("ESG") Committee, and a Nominating Committee. The Board has determined that all the members of the Audit, Compensation, ESG and Nominating Committees comprised solely of independent directors, based on the criteria for independence prescribed by of the Company Guide. A copy of the mandate of the Board is available for viewing on the Company's website at: https://emxroyalty.com/corporate/governance/

Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee is composed of Messrs. Smith (Chair), Brisco, and Lundin, each of whom the Board has determined is independent under Section 803A of the Company Guide and the applicable rules of the NYSE American listing standards and requirements. Compensation of the Company's CEO and all other officers is recommended to the Board for determination by the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee develops, reviews and monitors director and executive officer compensation and policies. The Compensation Committee is also responsible for annually reviewing the adequacy of compensation to directors, officers, and other consultants and the composition of compensation packages. The

Company's CEO cannot be present during the Compensation Committee's deliberations or vote on the CEO's compensation. The Company's Compensation Committee Charter is available for viewing on the Company's website at: https://emxroyalty.com/corporate/governance/

Environmental Social and Governance Committee ("ESG Committee")

The ESG Committee is currently composed of Messrs. Lundin (Chair) and Smith and Ms. Lowe, each of whom the Board has determined is independent under Section 803A of the Company Guide and the applicable rules of the NYSE American listing standards and requirements. The ESG Committee purpose is to assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities relating to environmental, social and governance ("ESG") matters that are significant to the Company. The Company's ESG Committee Charter is available for viewing on the Company's website at: https://emxroyalty.com/corporate/governance/

Nominating Committee

The Nominating Committee is composed of Messrs. Brisco (Chair) and Lundin and Ms. Lowe, each of whom the Board has determined is independent under Section 803A of the Company Guide and the applicable rules of the NYSE American listing standards and requirements. The role of the Nominating Committee is to assist in preparing an effective succession plan for the Board of Directors by providing advice and recommendations to the Board for appointment of new Directors and assessing the effectiveness of the Directors and the various committees of the Board and the composition of same. The Company's Nominating Committee Charter is available for viewing on the Company's website at: https://emxroyalty.com/corporate/governance/.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Composition and Responsibilities

The Board has a separately designated standing Audit Committee established for the purpose of overseeing the accounting and financial reporting processes of the Company and audits of the financial statements of the Company in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Exchange Act. As of the date of this Annual Report, the Company's Audit Committee is comprised of Ms. Lowe (Chair) and Messrs. Brisco and Smith, each of whom, in the opinion of the Corporation's Board of Directors, is independent (as determined under Rule 10A-3 of the Exchange Act, Section 803A of the NYSE American Company Guide, and the applicable rules of the TSX) and each of whom is financially literate. The Audit Committee meets the composition requirements set forth by Section 803B(2) of NYSE American Company Guide.

Audit Committee Financial Experts

The Board has also determined that each member of the Audit Committee is financially literate, meaning each such member has the ability to read and understand a set of financial statements that present a breadth and level of complexity of the issues that can reasonably be expected to be raised by the Company's financial statements. In addition, the Board has determined that the Audit Committee's chairwoman, Ms. Lowe, is an "audit committee financial expert" within the meaning of the applicable criteria prescribed by the SEC in the general instructions to Form 40-F.

The SEC has indicated that the designation of a person as an audit committee financial expert does not make such person an "expert" for any purpose, impose on such person any duties, obligations or liability that are greater than those imposed on such person as a member of the Audit Committee and Board in the absence of such designation, or affect the duties, obligations or liability of any other member of the Audit Committee or Board.

The information provided on Schedule A to the AIF, which includes the Audit Committee charter, and the information provided on Schedule B to the AIF, which includes certain Audit Committee matters, are hereby incorporated by reference herein. The full text of the Audit Committee Charter is set forth in The Company's Annual Information Form, filed as Exhibit 99.1 and incorporated by reference in this Annual Report - Also is available for viewing on the Company's website at https://emxroyalty.com/corporate/governance/ and is available in print to any shareholder who requests it, without charge, upon request from the Company's Corporate Secretary at (604) 688-6390.

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

The total fees billed to the Company for professional services rendered by the Company's principal accountants for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as set forth on Schedule B to the AIF, under the heading "External Auditor Service Fees (By Category)," which is hereby incorporated by reference herein.

PRE-APPROVAL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The information provided on Schedule A to the AIF, and the information on Schedule B to the AIF under the heading "Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures," are hereby incorporated by reference herein. The Audit Committee pre-approves all auditing services and permitted non-audit services (including the fees and terms thereof) to be performed for the Company by the auditor, except for limited exceptions as set forth in the Audit Committee Charter.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET TRANSACTIONS

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on its financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The information included in "Liquidity & Capital Resources" of the MD&A, filed as Exhibit 99.2 to this Annual Report, is incorporated herein by reference.

CODE OF ETHICS

The Company has adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that addresses the items required to be included in a "code of ethics" as set forth in paragraph 9(b) of General Instruction B of Form 40-F, as well as various other topics; and that applies to directors, officers and employees of, and consultants to, the Company (the "Code"). The Code is available on SEDAR at www.sedarplus.ca, the SEC's Electronic Data Gathering and Retrieval System or "EDGAR" at www.sec.gov and on EMX's website at https://emxroyalty.com/corporate/governance/, and is available in print to any shareholder who requests it, without charge, upon request from the Company's Corporate Secretary at (604) 688-6390.

If any amendment to the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics is made, or if any waiver from the provisions thereof is granted, the Company may elect to disclose the information about such amendment or waiver required by Form 40-F to be disclosed, by posting such disclosure on EMX's website, which may be accessed at: https://emxroyalty.com/.

NOTICES PURSUANT TO REGULATION BTR

The Company was not required by Rule 104 of Regulation BTR to send any notices to its directors and executive officers during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 concerning any equity security subject to a blackout period under Rule 101 of Regulation BTR.

NYSE AMERICAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company's corporate governance practices are consistent with all applicable current Canadian regulatory guidelines and standards. Section 110 of the NYSE American company guide permits NYSE American to consider the laws, customs and practices of foreign issuers in relaxing certain NYSE American listing criteria, and to grant exemptions from NYSE American listing criteria based on these considerations. The Company is classified as a foreign private issuer in connection with its listing on the NYSE American and is not required to comply with all of the NYSE American's corporate governance standards and instead may comply with Canadian corporate governance practices. However, the Company's corporate governance practices incorporate many best practices derived from the NYSE Rules. A description of the significant ways in which the Company's governance practices differ from those followed by U.S. domestic companies pursuant to the Company Guide is set forth below.

Quorum for Shareholders' Meetings.

Section 123 of the NYSE American company guide recommends that a listed company's bylaws provide for a quorum of not less than 33-1/3 % of such company's shares issued and outstanding and entitled to vote at a meeting of shareholders. The Company's articles of incorporation (which are the equivalent of bylaws under the Company's home country law) generally provide that, subject to special rights and restrictions attached to any class or series of shares, the quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of shareholders is two shareholders who are present in person or represented by proxy.

Proxy Delivery.

The NYSE American company guide requires the solicitation of proxies and delivery of proxy statements for all shareholder meetings of a listed company, and requires that these proxies be solicited pursuant to a proxy statement that conforms to Commission proxy rules. The Company is a "foreign private issuer" under Rule 3b-4 of the Exchange Act, and the equity securities of the Company are accordingly exempt from the proxy rules set forth in Sections 14(a), 14(b), 14(c) and 14(f) of the Exchange Act. The Company solicits proxies in accordance with applicable rules and regulations in Canada.

Shareholder Approval Requirements.

The NYSE American company guide requires a listed company to obtain the approval of its shareholders for certain types of securities issuances, including private placements that may result in the issuance of common shares (or securities convertible into common shares) equal to 20 percent or more of presently outstanding shares for less than the greater of book or market value of the shares. The Company may seek a waiver from NYSE American's shareholder approval requirements in circumstances where the securities issuance would not trigger such a requirement under British Columbia law or under the rules of the TSX Venture Exchange, on which the Company's common shares are also listed.

Nominating Process.

The NYSE American company guide requires that director nominations must be either selected or recommended to the Board by either a nominating committee or a majority of independent directors. In addition, the NYSE American company guide requires a formal written charter or board resolution addressing the nominations process. The Company has such a nominating committee and has adopted a formal written charter addressing the nominations process.

MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURE

Not Applicable.

DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONS

Not Applicable.

RECOVERY OF ERRONEOUSLY AWARDED COMPENSATION

The Company adopted an Executive Officer Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy (the "Clawback Policy") on November 21, 2023 pursuant to Section 811 of the NYSE American Company Guide. A copy of the Clawback Policy is attached hereto as Exhibit 97.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, we were not required to prepare an accounting restatement, nor was there an outstanding balance as of December 31, 2024 of erroneously awarded compensation to be recovered from the application of our compensation recovery policy to a prior restatement.

UNDERTAKING

The Company undertakes to make available, in person or by telephone, representatives to respond to inquiries made by the Commission staff, and to furnish promptly, when requested to do so by the Commission staff, information relating to: the securities registered pursuant to Form 40-F; the securities in relation to which the obligation to file an annual report arises; or transactions in said securities.

CONSENT TO SERVICE OF PROCESS

The Company has previously filed with the SEC an Appointment of Agent for Service of Process and Undertaking on Form F-X. Any change to the name or address of the Company's agent for service shall be communicated promptly to the Commission by amendment to the Form F-X referencing the file number of the Company.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Exchange Act, the Registrant certifies that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form 40-F and has duly caused this Annual Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereto duly authorized, March 12, 2025.

By:

/s/ David M. Cole

Name: David M. Cole

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 12, 2025

EXHIBIT INDEX

The following documents are being filed with the Commission as Exhibits to this Annual Report.

<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Description</u>
<u>97</u>	<u>Clawback Policy</u>
99.1	Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2024
99.2	Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2024
99.3	Audited Annual Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, including the notes thereto, together with the report of the independent auditors thereon
99.4	<u>Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
<u>99.5</u>	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
<u>99.6</u>	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
99.7	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
99.8	Consent of Davidson & Company LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.
99.9	Consent of Eric Jensen
99.10	Consent of Michael P. Sheehan
99.11	Consent of Mark Ramirez
99.12	Consent of Kevin Francis
99.13	Consent of Mustafa Atalay, Dama Engineering
99.14	Consent of Dama Engineering
99.15	Consent of Selim Yilmaz, Dama Engineering
99.16	Consent of Arif Umutcan Gelişen, Dama Engineering
<u>101.INS</u>	Inline XBRL Instance Document—the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File as its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
<u>101.SCH</u>	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
<u>101.CAL</u>	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
<u>101.LAB</u>	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
<u>101.PRE</u>	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
<u>104</u>	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).